

CIC(19q13) Gene Break Apart Probe Detection Kit (CW-125)

Intended use

This kit performs fluorescence in situ hybridization staining on the basis of conventional staining, and provides auxiliary information for diagnosis for physicians. The test results are for clinical reference only and should not be used as the sole basis for clinical diagnosis. Clinicians should make comprehensive judgments on the test results based on factors such as the patient's condition, drug indications, treatment response and other laboratory test indicators.

Product composition

The kit consists of CIC dual-color probe (100 μ L/Tube).

Storage condition

Keep sealed away from light at $-20^{\circ}\text{C}\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$, and the validity period is 12 months.

After the cover is opened, it can be sealed and stored in $2\sim 8^{\circ}\text{C}$ away from light within 24 hours. After the cover is opened, it should be sealed and stored in $-20\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ away from light for a long time. Transport with temperature below 0°C .

Applicable instruments

Fluorescence microscopy imaging systems, including fluorescence microscopy and filter sets suitable for DAPI (367/452), Green (495/517), and Orange (547/565).

Sample requirements

1. Applicable specimen types: Paraffin-embedded specimens from surgical excision or biopsy.
2. The tissue should be fixed with 4% neutral formaldehyde solution within 1 hour after isolation. After tissue fixation, it is routinely dehydrated and embedded in paraffin.

Hybridization pretreatment

Baking: Slides heating at 80°C for 30min or 65°C for 2h or overnight.

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Dewaxing: According to the customer laboratory protocol (Commonly with Xylene for 15min).

Hydration: Take out the slides and put them respectively into 100%, 85% and 70% EtOH at room temperature for 3 minutes each.

Take out the slides, and immerse them in deionized water for 3 minutes. Remove the excess of water on the slides by air-drying. **Permeation:** Immerse the slides in deionized water at 100°C and boil continuously for 20-40 minutes (Conventional 20min). Remove the excess of water on the slides by air-drying.

Digestion: Protease enzymic digestion at 37°C for 10-40 minutes. Mix the protease work buffer (50mmol HCl) and the 10x protease solution (Pepsin concentration 5%) in a proportion of 9:1 to prepare the enzymatic digestion solution.

Washing: Wash with 2xSSC at room temperature for 5 minutes.

Dehydration: Take out the slides and dehydrate in 70%, 85%, and 100% gradient ethanol at room temperature for 2 minutes each time. Remove the excess of EtOH solution on the slides by air-drying.

Denaturing hybridization

The following operations should be carried out in the dark room.

1. Take out the probe, let it stand at room temperature for 5min, turn it upside down with force, mix the probe well, centrifuge it briefly (do not vibrate with vortex apparatus), drop 10µl into the hybridization area of the cell drop, cover the 22mm×22mm cover glass immediately, the probe should be evenly spread under the cover glass without bubbles, and seal the edge with rubber (the edge sealing must be thorough to prevent the dry slide from affecting the test results in the hybridization process).
2. Place the glass slide in the hybridization instrument, denature at 85°C for 5 min (the hybridizer should be preheated to 85°C) and hybridized at 42°C for 2-16h.

Washing

The following operations should be performed in a darkroom.

1. Take out the hybridized glass slides, remove the rubber on the coverslip and immediately place the slides into 2xSSC for 5 seconds, and gently remove the coverslip.
2. Place the glass slides in 2xSSC at room temperature for 1 min.

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3. Remove and immerse the slides in a 0.3% NP-40/0.4×SSC solution preheated at 68°C for 2 min.
4. Immerse the glass slides in deionized water at 37°C for 1min, and dry naturally in the dark.

Counterstaining

The following operations should be performed in a darkroom.

10µL DAPI compound dye is dropped in the hybridization area of the glass slide and immediately covered. The suitable filter is selected for glass slide observation under the fluorescence microscope.

FISH results observation

Place the stained sections under a fluorescence microscope and the cells area is first confirmed under a low magnification objective (10×); under magnification objective (40×) a uniform cells distribution is observed; then the nucleus size uniformity, nuclear boundary integrity, DAPI staining uniformity, no nuclei overlapping, cells clear signal are observed in the high magnification objective (100x).

Limitations of test methods

1. The results of this kit will be affected by various factors of the sample itself, but also limited by hybridization temperature and time, operating environment and the limitations of current molecular biology technology, which may lead to wrong results.
2. Users must understand the potential errors and accuracy limitations that may exist in the detection process.

Precautions

1. Please read this manual carefully before testing. The testing personnel shall receive professional technical training. The signal counting personnel must be able to observe and distinguish orange red and green signals.
2. When testing clinical samples, if it is difficult to count the hybridization signals and the samples are not enough to repeat the retest, the test will not provide any test results. If the amount of cells is insufficient for analysis, again, the test will not provide test results.
3. The formamide and DAPI counterstaining agent used in this experiment have potential toxicity or carcinogenicity, so they need to be operated in the fume hood and wear masks and gloves to avoid direct contact.

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4. The results of this kit will be affected by various factors of the sample itself, but also limited by enzyme digestion time, hybridization temperature and time, operating environment and limitations of current molecular biology technology, which may lead to wrong results. The user must understand the potential errors and accuracy limitations that may exist in the detection process.
5. All chemicals are potentially dangerous. Avoid direct contact. Used kits are clinical wastes and should be properly disposed of.
6. This product is for clinical diagnosis and scientific research.



[Manuscript version and approval date]

Manual version: [V1.2 revised on 07 December 2022](#)

Approval date: [April 10, 2020](#)