

4q Gene Fusion Probe Detection Kit (CW-323)

Intended use

This kit uses orange fluorescein to label TET2 orange probe and green fluorescein to label CEP4 green probe. TET2/CEP4 probe can be combined with the target detection site by in situ hybridization.

Product composition

The kit consists of TET2/CEP4 dual color probe (100µL/Tube).

Storage condition

Keep sealed away from light at $-20^{\circ}\text{C}\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$. The product is valid for 12 months. Avoid unnecessary repeated freezing and thawing that should not exceed 10 times. After opening, within 24 hours for short-term preservation, keep sealed at $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$ in dark. For long-term preservation after opening, keep the lid sealed at $-20^{\circ}\text{C}\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ away from light.

Applicable instruments

Fluorescence microscopy imaging systems, including fluorescence microscopy and filter sets suitable for DAPI (367/452), Green (495/517), and Orange (547/565).

Sample requirements

1. Applicable specimen type: unfixed fresh bone marrow specimen (stored at $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$ for no more than 24 hours).
2. Sample collection: Take 1-3 mL of heparin sodium anticoagulated bone marrow cell sample.
3. Sample storage: After fixation, the cell suspension can be stored at $-20\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ for no more than 12 months. The prepared cell slides can be stored at $-20\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ for no more than 1 month. When the storage temperature of the specimen is too high or too low, or when the cell suspension is excessively volatile or contaminated during storage, the sample should not be used for testing.

Related reagents

1. $20\times\text{SSC}$, $\text{pH } 5.3\pm 0.2$

Weigh 176g of sodium chloride and 88g of sodium citrate, dissolve in 800mL of deionized water, adjust the pH to 5.3 ± 0.2 at room temperature, and complete to 1 L with deionized water. High-pressure steam sterilization, stored at $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$, the solution shelf life is of 6 months. Discard if the reagent appears cloudy (turbid) or contaminated.

2. 2×SSC, pH 7.0 ± 0.2

Take 100mL of the above 20×SSC, dilute with 800mL deionized water, mix, adjust the pH to 7.0 ± 0.2 at room temperature, complete to 1L with deionized water, stored at $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$, the shelf life is of 6 months. Discard if the reagent appears cloudy (turbid) or contaminated.

3. Ethanol Solution: 70% ethanol, 85% ethanol

Dilute 700ml, 850ml of ethanol with deionized water to 1L. The shelf life is of 6 months. Discard if the reagent appears cloudy (turbid) or contaminated.

4. 0.3% NP-40/0.4×SSC solution, pH 7.0-7.5

Take 0.6mL NP-40 and 4mL 20×SSC, add 150mL deionized water, mix, adjust the pH to 7.0-7.5 at room temperature, with deionized water complete to a volume of 200mL. Stored at $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$, the shelf life is of 6 months. Discard if the reagent appears cloudy (turbid) or contaminated.

5. Fixation solution (methanol: glacial acetic acid = 3:1)

Prepare a ready to use fixation solution by mixing thoroughly 30ml of methanol and 10ml of glacial acetic acid.

6. 0.075M KCl solution

Weigh 2.8g of potassium chloride, dissolve in 400mL of deionized water and complete to 500mL with deionized water. Stored at room temperature, the solution shelf life is of 6 months. Discard if the reagent appears cloudy (turbid) or contaminated.

7. Diamidinyl phenylindole (DAPI) counterstain

Use commercially available anti-quenching DAPI counterstain.

Sample collection

1. Sample collection: Take 3mL of anticoagulated bone marrow cell samples.
2. Cell harvesting: Place anticoagulated peripheral blood in a 15 mL centrifuge tube, centrifuge at 500g for 5 min, carefully discard the supernatant, and resuspend about 500μL of the residue.

3. Cell washing: Add 5 mL of 1×PBS buffer, mix and resuspend the cell pellet, centrifuge at 500g for 5 min, carefully discard the supernatant, and resuspend the cells with about 500µL of the residue; repeat 1 time.
4. Cells hypotonicity: Add 10mL of hypotonic solution pre-warmed to 37°C and place in an water bath at 37°C for 15-20min.
5. Cells pre-fixation: Pre-fix the cells by adding 1mL (10% by volume) of fixative solution to the cell suspension after the completion of hypotonic osmosis. Gently pipette, mix and centrifuge for 5 min at 500g, discard the supernatant, and resuspend about 500µL of the residue.
6. Cell fixation: Slowly add 10mL of fixative solution to the cell suspension at room temperature for 10 min, centrifuge at 500g for 5 min, and resuspend the cells with about 500µL of the residue; repeat once (the cells may be fixed several times until the cells pellet is washed and cleaned).
7. Cell suspension preparation: Pipet the supernatant and add the appropriate amount of fixative solution to prepare the appropriate cell suspension concentration.
8. Slides preparation: Pipet 3-5µL of cell suspension drop onto the slides, put at 56°C for 30min.

Slide pretreatment procedure

1. At room temperature, rinse the glass slides twice with SSC (pH 7.0) solution for 5min each time.
2. Place the glass slides in 70% ethanol, 85% ethanol and 100% ethanol and dry for 2 minutes.

Denaturing hybridization

1. Take out the probe put at room temperature for 5min. Mix and centrifuge briefly. Take 10µL droplet in the cell and drop in the hybridization zone, immediately cover 22mmx22mm glass slide area; spread evenly without bubbles the probe under the glass slide covered area and seal edges with rubber (edge sealing must be thorough to prevent dry film from affecting the test results during hybridization).
2. Place the glass slides in the hybridization instrument, denature at 88°C for 2 minutes (the hybridizer should be preheated to 88°C) and hybridize at 45°C for 2 to 16 hours.

Washing

The following operations should be performed in a darkroom.

1. Take out the hybridized glass slides, remove the rubber on the coverslip and immediately place the slides into 2xSSC for 5 seconds, and gently remove the coverslip.
2. Place the glass slides in 2xSSC at room temperature for 1 min.
3. Remove and immerse the slides in a 0.3% NP-40/0.4xSSC solution preheated at 68°C for 2 min.
4. Immerse the glass slides in deionized water at 37°C for 1min, and dry naturally in the dark.

Counterstaining

The following operations should be performed in a darkroom.

10µL DAPI compound dye is dropped in the hybridization area of the glass slide and immediately covered. The suitable filter is selected for glass slide observation under the fluorescence microscope.

FISH results observation

Place the stained slides under a fluorescence microscope and confirm the cells area under a low magnification objective (10×). Under magnification objective (40×) a uniform cells distribution is observed. Then the nuclei FISH results are observed under the high magnification objective (100×).

Precautions

1. Please read this manual carefully before testing. The testing personnel shall receive professional technical training. The signal counting personnel must be able to observe and distinguish orange red and green signals.
2. When testing clinical samples, if it is difficult to count the hybridization signals and the samples are not enough to repeat the retest, the test will not provide any test results. If the amount of cells is insufficient for analysis, again, the test will not provide test results.
3. The formamide and DAPI counterstaining agent used in this experiment have potential toxicity or carcinogenicity, so they need to be operated in the fume hood and wear masks and gloves to avoid direct contact.
4. The results of this kit will be affected by various factors of the sample itself, but also limited by enzyme digestion time, hybridization temperature and time, operating environment and limitations of current molecular biology technology, which may lead

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to wrong results. The user must understand the potential errors and accuracy limitations that may exist in the detection process.

5. All chemicals are potentially dangerous. Avoid direct contact. Used kits are clinical wastes and should be properly disposed of.
6. This product is for clinical diagnosis and scientific research.



[Manuscript version and approval date]

Manual version: [V1.3 revised 13 May 2022](#)

Approval date: [15 April 2020](#)